

Title:	TECHNICAL DATA SHEET		
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## Penicillin-Streptomycin-Nystatin Solution 100X

Filtration	0.1μm sterile filtered	
Product Code	RAL-007-100ML	
	4 years from DOM. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Preparation	
Shelf Life	of aliquots recommended. Once opened, store at at +2°C to +8°C	
	and use within 4-6 weeks	
Storage Temperature	-5 to -20°C	
Shipping Temperature	Frozen / dry ice	
Thawing	Overnight at +2°C to +8°C. Swirl gently to homogenize	
Working concentration	Recommended final concentration of 10ml/L	

## **Specifications**

Physical and Chemical Analysis	Method	Specifications	Units
Appearance	Visual	Clear pale-yellow solution	n/a
pH	Electronic pH Meter	6.0 - 7.0	n/a
Osmolality	Osmometer	Test and report	mOsm/kg
Endotoxin	LAL Kinetic	≤ 1.0	EU/ml
Sterility			
Aerobic Bacteria	Internally Validated	Not detected	n/a
Anaerobic Bacteria	Internally Validated	Not detected	n/a
Fungi (Yeast & Mold)	Internally Validated	Not detected	n/a
Mycoplasma	qPCR	Not detected	n/a

## **Formulation**

Components	CAS number	Concentration
NaCl	7647-14-5	8500 mg/L
Penicillin G Sodium	69-57-8	10 <sup>7</sup> Units/L
Streptomycin Sulfate	3810-74-0	10000 mg/L
Nystatin dihydrate	1400-61-9	1250000 U/L

## **Product description**

Antibiotic/Antimycotic Solution is supplied to offer one-step supplementation convenience to be used in cell culture to prevent bacterial and fungi contaminations due to the effective combined action against gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria, and against yeast and multicellular fungi. Hence, this product saves time and reduces the risk of contamination caused by multiple invasive supplements. This product is recommended as primary cell line prophylaxis and is suitable for contaminated cells.

Penicillins were originally obtained from the *Penicillium* fungi genus, principally *P. chrysogenum* and *P. rubens*. A number of natural penicillins have been discovered, but only two purified compounds are in clinical use: penicillin G/Benzylpenicillin, and penicillin V/ Phenoxymethylpenicillin. Gram-positive bacteria are very susceptible to these types of antibiotics because penicillins can easily enter them as they do not have an outer cell membrane and these molecules are small enough to pass through the spaces of glycoproteins in the cell wall. Penicillins have both a direct and indirect bactericidal effect, disrupting cell wall synthesis by inhibiting the cross-linking of peptidoglycans and triggering the release of enzymes that further change the cell wall, respectively.

Streptomycin was originally derived from *Streptomyces griseus*. It works by attaching itself to the 30S subunit of the bacterial ribosome, causing inhibition of protein synthesis and subsequent death of susceptible bacteria.

Nystatin is an ionophore antifungal agent, used clinically and in cell culture. It binds to ergosterol, a major component of the fungal cell membrane, which leads to the formation of pores in the membrane causing K<sup>+</sup> leakage, acidification, and death of the fungus.

Product Use: This product is intended for laboratory use only.